Application No.: 09/892,997 Docket No.:8733.484.00

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

1. (Currently Amended): A liquid crystal display (LCD) device having a gamma voltage correcting apparatus, wherein the LCD device has a display panel that includes a plurality of pixels defined by gate lines and data lines, said LCD device comprising:

a display controller for receiving video data and vertical and horizontal synchronizing signals and outputting the video data and a clock;

the gamma voltage correction apparatus including;

a memory means for storing at least two sets of <u>digital</u> gamma data for at least two input modes,

a gamma control means for accessing one set of the <u>digital</u> gamma data in response to a selection signal,

a multi-channel gamma voltage generator <u>having a plurality of digital to analog</u> converters (DACs), the <u>digital to analog converters generating</u> for responding to the one set of the gamma data to generate n gamma voltages (wherein n is an integer) having a different voltage level <u>in response to the digital gamma data respectively</u>, and

a column driver connected to the display panel, wherein the column driver receives the video data and the clock from the display controller and the n gamma voltages from the gamma voltage correction apparatus, and then corrects the video data using the n gamma voltages and applies the corrected video data to the data lines.

- 2. (Previously Presented): The gamma voltage correcting apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the selection signal is provided to the gamma voltage correction apparatus by a user.
- 3. (Previously Presented): The gamma voltage correcting apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising a buffer unit for buffering a signal having the gamma voltage from the multichannel gamma voltage generator to apply it to the column driver.
- 4. (Original): The gamma voltage correcting apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising a voltage-dividing resistor for dividing the n gamma voltages into m gamma voltages (wherein m is an integer larger than n) having a different voltage level.

5. (Currently Amended): The gamma voltage correcting apparatus according to claim 1, where in the multi-channel gamma voltage generator includes:

a data receiver for receiving the gamma data and a clock signal in the mode selected by the control means; and

a reference voltage generator for dividing an externally supplied supply voltage to generate a plurality of reference voltages the gamma voltages having a different voltage level; and

wherein the digital to analog converters select the reference voltages in response to the digital gamma data to generate the gamma voltages, respectively n gamma voltage selectors (wherein n is an integer) for interpreting the gamma data from the data receiver to select a reference voltage indicated by the gamma data for the gamma voltages from the reference voltage generator.

- 6. (Original): The gamma voltage correcting apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the memory means and the control means are integrated into a single integrated circuit.
- 7. (Original): The gamma voltage correcting apparatus according to claim 2, further comprising:

a row driver for sequentially applying a scanning pulse to the gate lines to drive the gate lines; and

a timing controller for supplying red, green and blue digital video data to the column driver and for applying a desired timing control signal to the row driver.

8. (Original): The gamma voltage correcting apparatus according to claim 7, wherein the memory means, the control means and the timing controller are integrated into a single integrated circuit.

## 9-12. (Cancelled)

13. (Currently Amended): A method of correcting a gamma voltage in a liquid crystal display wherein a liquid crystal pixel is arranged at each intersection between data lines and gate lines

and video data is corrected by a preset gamma voltage to display an image, said method comprising:

receiving video data and vertical and horizontal synchronizing signals and outputting the video data and a clock;

storing at least two sets of <u>digital</u> gamma data for at least two input modes; accessing the <u>digital</u> gamma data in response to an instruction from a user; selecting one set of the digital gamma data for each mode;

responding to the one set of the gamma data for the selected mode to generate n gamma voltages (wherein n is an integer) having a different voltage level <u>using a plurality of digital to analog converters (DACs)</u>, the digital to analog converters responding to the digital gamma data respectively;

correcting the video data using the n gamma voltages; and applying the corrected video data to the data lines.

- 14. (Original): The method according to claim 13, wherein the gamma data is set differently in accordance with each mode set in correspondence with peripheral equipment interchangeable with the liquid crystal display.
- 15. (Currently Amended): The method according to claim 13, wherein the <u>digital</u> gamma data is set differently in accordance with each mode set in correspondence with an optical recording medium player, a television image signal display device, and a camcoder.
- 16. (Original): The method according to claim 13, further comprising the steps of:

dividing the n gamma voltages into m gamma voltages (wherein m is an integer larger than n) having a different voltage level; and

correcting the video data using the m gamma voltages and supplying the corrected video data to the data lines.

17. (Original): The method according to claim 16, further comprising:

buffering the m gamma voltages and applying the buffered m gamma voltages to the column driver.

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18-20. (Cancelled)

21. (Currently Amended): A device for providing a desired gamma voltage for a liquid crystal display (LCD), said device comprising:

a memory for storing a plurality of digital gamma data corresponding to a plurality of modes;

a controller for receiving an external mode signal and in response thereto selecting selected <u>digital</u> gamma data from the memory;

a reference voltage generator for receiving a supply voltage and generating a plurality of reference voltages;

a plurality of digital-to-converters (DACs) selecting the reference voltages in response to the digital gamma data to generate n gamma voltages (wherein n is an integer) having a different voltage level, respectively;

a means having a multi-channel digital to-converter (DAC) for generating a plurality of gamma reference voltages according to the selected gamma data, the DAC further including a reference voltage generator for receiving a supply voltage and generating a plurality of reference voltages and a data receiver for receiving the reference voltages and the selected gamma data and generating therefrom the plurality of gamma reference voltages; and

a gamma voltage generator receiving the plurality of gamma reference voltages and generating therefrom a plurality of gamma voltages,

wherein each of the plurality of modes corresponds to a different source video generator for providing video data to the LCD.

22-24 (Cancelled)

25. (Original): The device of claim 21, wherein the gamma voltage generator comprises a resistor divider network.

26-28. (Cancelled)

29. (Currently Amended): A method of providing a desired gamma voltage for a liquid crystal display having a plurality of pixels defined by gate lines and data lines, comprising:

receiving video data and vertical and horizontal synchronizing signals and outputting the video data and a clock;

storing a plurality sets of <u>digital</u> gamma data corresponding to a plurality of modes in a memory device;

receiving an external mode signal and in response thereto selecting selected <u>digital</u> gamma data from the memory;

generating a plurality of gamma reference voltages according to the selected gamma data; generating a plurality of gamma voltages from the plurality of gamma reference voltages using a plurality of digital-to-converters (DACs), the DACs selecting the reference voltages in response to the digital gamma data to generate the gamma voltages having a different voltage level, respectively;

correcting the video data using the gamma voltages; and applying the corrected video data to the data lines.

30. (Original): The method of claim 29, wherein generating the plurality of gamma reference voltages comprises:

receiving a supply voltage and generating therefrom a plurality of reference voltages; and generating the plurality of gamma reference voltages from the gamma data and the plurality of reference voltages.

- 31. (Cancelled).
- 32. (Previously Presented): The method of claim 30, wherein generating the a plurality of gamma voltages comprises dividing the plurality of gamma reference voltages in a divider network.
- 33. (Cancelled).

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34. (Currently Amended): A display device having a gamma voltage correcting part, wherein the display device has a display panel that includes a plurality of pixels defined by gate lines and data lines, the display device comprising:

a display controller for receiving video data and vertical and horizontal synchronizing signals and outputting the video data and a clock;

the gamma voltage correction part including;

a memory for storing at least two sets of <u>digital</u> gamma data for at least two input modes,

a gamma controller for accessing one set of the <u>digital</u> gamma data in response to a selection signal,

a plurality of digital-to-converters (DACs) generating n gamma voltages (wherein n is an integer) having a different voltage level in response to the digital gamma data, respectively,

a multi-channel gamma voltage generator for responding to the one set of the gamma data to generate n gamma voltages (wherein n is an integer) having different voltage levels, and

a column driver connected to the display panel, wherein the column driver receives the video data and clock from the display controller and the n gamma voltages from the gamma voltage correction part, and then corrects the video data using the n gamma voltages and applies the corrected video data to the data lines.

- 35. (Previously Presented): The display device according to claim 34, wherein the selection signal is provided to the gamma voltage correction apparatus by a user.
- 36. (Previously Presented): A display device having a gamma voltage correcting part, wherein the display device has a display panel that includes a plurality of pixels defined by gate lines and data lines, the display device comprising:

a display controller for receiving a first video data and vertical and horizontal synchronizing signals and outputting a second video data and a clock;

a lookup table driver connected to the display controller for adjusting color temperature of the second video data and outputting a third video data;

the gamma voltage correction part including;

a memory for storing at least two sets of gamma data for at least two input modes, a gamma controller for accessing one set of the gamma data in response to a selection signal,

a multi-channel gamma voltage generator for responding to the one set of the gamma data to generate n gamma voltages (wherein n is an integer) having different voltage levels, and

a column driver connected to the display panel, wherein the column driver receives the third video data and the n gamma voltages, and then corrects the third video data using the n gamma voltages and applies the corrected video data to the data lines.

- 37. (Previously Presented): The display device according to claim 36, further comprising: a row driver for sequentially applying a scanning pulse to the gate lines; and a timing controller for supplying timing control signals to the row and column drivers.
- 38. (Previously Presented): The display device according to claim 36, wherein a color temperature of the corrected video data maintains approximately 6500 K.
- 39. (Previously Presented): The display device according to claim 36, wherein the corrected video data maintains a brightness and a contrast equal to the first video data.